The anti doping awareness campaign plays an important role in the fight against doping in sports. National Anti Doping Agency established in 2009 has been employing all means to get rid of doping menace in the country. To bring all stakeholders on a common platform, NADA has been initiating various steps with an objective to deal with fight against doping across the country.

The World Anti Doping Agency (WADA) has published the 2017 Prohibited List to be effective from 1st January 2017 worldwide. The List, which is one of the International Standards mandatory for the Stakeholders of the Country designates what substances and methods are prohibited both In- and Out of Competition and which substances are banned in particular sports.

NADA would like to make you aware that the Prohibited List 2017 and its modifications are easily accessible for athletes and their entourage on our website www.nada.nic.in and that you are proactively communicating them to athletes and entourage via direct communication channels that you may have at your disposal.

While ultimately the athletes are responsible for what substances and methods are on the prohibited list and for the substances in his or her body, let’s make sure that we can make them aware in this regard to help keep them clean.

A copy of the Prohibited List 2017 to be effective from 1st January 2017 alongwith the Summary of Changes is enclosed herewith for wide circulation.

Yours sincerely,

(Navin Agarwal)

To,
Shri Injeti Srinivas (IAS)
Director General
Sports Authority of India
JLN Stadium, East Gate
Lodhi Road, New Delhi-110003

PATRED(TEAMS)
PROHIBITED SUBSTANCES

NON-APPROVED SUBSTANCES

Any pharmacological substance which is not addressed by any of the subsequent sections of the List and with no current approval by any governmental regulatory health authority for human therapeutic use (e.g., drugs under pre-clinical or clinical development or discontinued, designer drugs, substances approved only for veterinary use) is prohibited at all times.

ANABOLIC AGENTS

Anabolic agents are prohibited.

1. ANABOLIC ANDROGENIC STEROIDS (AAS)
   a. Exogenous AAS, including:

   - 1-Androstenediol [5α-androst-1-ene-3β,17β-diol];
   - 1-Androstenedione [5α-androst-1-ene-3β,17β-dione];
   - 1-Testosteron [17β-hydroxy-5α-androst-1-en-3-one];
   - 4-Hydroxytestosterone [4,17β-dihydroxyandrost-4-en-3-one];
   - Boldanol [test-4-ene-3β,17β-diol];
   - Bolasterone;
   - Causterone;
   - Clostebol;
   - Danazol [1,2oxazolo[4,5-k]pregna-4-ene-20-yne-17α-ol];
   - Dehydrochloromethyltestosterone [4-chloro-17β-hydroxy-17α-methylandrosta-1,4-dien-3-one];
   - Desoxymethyltestosterone [17α-methyl-5α-androst-2-en-17β-ol];
   - Drostanolone;
   - Ethylestrenol [19-norpregna-4-ene-17β-ol];
   - Fluoxymesterone;
   - Formebolone;
   - Furazabol [17α-methyl [1,2,5]oxadiazo[3',4':2,3':5α-androst-17β-ol];
   - Gestrinone;
   - Mesterolone;
   - Mesterolone;
   - Metandienone [17β-hydroxy-17α-methylandrosa-1,4-dien-3-one];
   - Mesterolone;
   - Methandienone;
   - Methandrostenolone [17β-hydroxy-2α,17α-dimethyl-5α-androst-3-en-3-one];
   - Methylestrenolone [17β-hydroxy-17α-methyl-5α-androst-3-en-3-one];
   - Methyl-1-testosteron [17β-hydroxy-17α-methyl-5α-androst-1-en-3-one];
   - Methyltestosteron [17β-hydroxy-17α-methyl-5α-androst-4-en-3-one];
   - Methyltestosterone;
   - Metribolone (methyl-trienolone, 17β-hydroxy-17α-methyl-3-en-11-ol);
   - Mibolerone;
   - Norboleton;
   - Norethandrolone;
   - Norethandrolone;
   - Oxabolone;
   - Oxandrolone;
   - Oxymesterone;
   - Oxymetholone;
   - Prostanozol [17β-[2,4,5,6-tetrahydropryan-2-yl]pyrazolo[1,5-a]pyrazolo[4,3-b]so-androstanel];
   - Quinabolone;
   - Stanazolol;
   - Stenbolone;
   - Tetrahydrogestrinone [17-hydroxy-19-nortetrahydro-5α-pregna-6,9,11-trien-3-one];
   - Trenbolone [17β-hydroxyestr-4,9,11-trien-3-one];

   and other substances with a similar chemical structure or similar biological effect(s).
2. OTHER ANABOLIC AGENTS

Including, but not limited to:
- Clenbuterol;
- Selective androgen receptor modulators (SARMs), e.g., andarine and ostarine;
- Tropolone;
- Zeranol;
- Ziipentol.

For purposes of this section:
* "Endogenous" refers to a substance which is not ordinarily produced by the body naturally.
* "Endogenous" refers to a substance which is ordinarily produced by the body naturally.

3. PEPTIDE HORMONES, GROWTH FACTORS, RELATED SUBSTANCES, AND MIMETICS

The following substances, and other substances with similar chemical structure or similar biological effects, are prohibited:

1. Erythropoietin-Receptor agonists:
   1.1 Erythropoiesis-Stimulating Agents (ESAs), including e.g.,
       Darbepoetin (darbepoietin) (EPO),
       Erythropoietin (EPO),
       EPO-FC,
       EPO-mimetic peptides (EMPs), e.g., EPO-530 and peginesatide,
       GATA inhibitors, e.g., K-1174,
       Methoxy polyethylene glycol-asparagine beta (CERA),
       Transforming Growth Factor-β (TGF-β) inhibitors, e.g., sunitinib, lapatinib.

2. Non-erythropoietic EPO-Receptor agonists, e.g.,
   ARA-290,
   Asialo EPO,
   Carzamylated EPO.

2. Hypoxia-inducible factor (HIF) stabilizers, e.g., cobalt,
   molybdenum and roxadustat (IFG-4592), and HIF activators,
   e.g., argon and xenon.
3. Chronic Gonadotrophin (CG) and Luteinizing Hormone (LH) and their releasing factors, e.g. buserelin, gonadorelin and leuprolide, in males.

4. Corticotrophins and their releasing factors, e.g. corticotropin.

5. Growth Hormone (GH) and its releasing factors including:
   - Growth Hormone Releasing Hormone (GHRH) and its analogues, e.g. CJC-1295, sesameolin and lasemelin;
   - Growth Hormone Secretagogues (GHS), e.g. ghrelin and ghrelin mimetics, e.g. aminorelin and isamorelin;
   - GH-Releasing Peptides (GHRPs), e.g. alesmamorelin, GHRP-6, hexarelin, and phamorelin (GHRP-2).

Additional prohibited growth factors:

- Fibroblast Growth Factors (FGFs);
- Hepatocyte Growth Factor (HGF);
- Insulin-like Growth Factor-1 (IGF-1) and its analogues;
- Mechano Growth Factors (MGFs);
- Platelet-Derived Growth Factor (PDGF);
- Vascular-Endothelial Growth Factor (VEGF) and any other growth factor affecting muscle, tendon or ligament protein synthesis/degradation, vascularisation, energy utilization, regenerative capacity, or fibre type switching.

### BETA-2 AGONISTS

All selective and non-selective beta-2 agonists, including all optical isomers, are prohibited including, but not limited to:

- Fenoterol;
- Formoterol;
- Higenamine;
- Indacaterol;
- Olodaterol;
- Proterol;
- Repeproterol;
- Salbutamol;
- Salmeterol;
- Terbutaline;
- Vilarterol.

**Except:**

- Inhaled salbutamol: maximum 1600 micrograms every 24 hours, not to exceed 800 micrograms every 12 hours.
- Inhaled formoterol: maximum delivered dose of 54 micrograms every 24 hours.
- Inhaled salmeterol: maximum 200 micrograms every 24 hours.

The presence in urine of salbutamol in excess of 1000 ng/mL, or formoterol in excess of 49 ng/mL is presumed to be an intended therapeutic use of the substance and will be considered as an Adverse Analytical Finding (AAF) unless the athlete proves, through a controlled pharmacokinetic study, that the abnormal result was the consequence of the use of the therapeutic dose by inhalation up to the maximum dose indicated above.

### HORMONE AND METABOLIC MODULATORS

The following hormones and metabolic modulators are prohibited:

1. Aromatase inhibitors including, but not limited to:
   - 4-Androsten-3,6,17-trione (6-oxa);
   - Aminoglutethimide;
   - Anastrozole;
   - Androsta-1,4,6-triene-3,17-dione (androstatriene-17-ol);
   - Androsta-3,5-diene-7,17-dione (formestane);
   - Exemestane;
   - Formestane;
   - Letrozole;
   - Testolactone.

2. Selective estrogen receptor modulators (SERMs) including, but not limited to:
   -Raloxifene;
   - Tamofoxen;
   - Toremifene.

3. Other anti-estrogen substances including, but not limited to:
   - Clomiphene;
   - Cyclofenil;
   - Fulvestrant.
4. Agents modifying myostatin function, including, but not limited to, myostatin inhibitors.

5. Metabolic modulators:
   5.1 Activators of the AMP-activated protein kinase (AMPK), e.g., AICAR, and Peroxisome Proliferator Activated Receptor γ agonists, e.g., GW 5168.
   5.2 Insulins and insulin-mimetics.
   5.3 Melatonin.
   5.4 Trimebutine.

**DIURETICS AND MASKING AGENTS**
The following diuretics and masking agents are prohibited, as are other substances with a similar chemical structure or similar biological effects:

Including, but not limited to:
- Desmopressin, probenecid, plasma expanders, e.g., glycerol and intravenous administration of albumin, dextran, hydroxyethyl starch and mannitol;
- Acetazolamide, amiloride, bumetanide, canrenone, chlorotrianisene, etacrynic acid, furosemide, indapamide, metolazone; spironolactone; thiocarbamates, e.g., bendrofluazide, hydrochlorothiazide and hydrochlorothiazide, triamterene and vaptans, e.g., tolvaptan.

Except:
- Drosperone; pamabrom; and ophthalmic use of carbonic anhydrase inhibitors (e.g., dorzolamide, brinzolamide);
- Local administration of felipressin in dental anaesthesia.

The detection of an Athlete's Sample at all times or In-Competition, as applicable, of any quantity of the following substances subject to threshold limits: furosemide, salbutamol, caffeine, ephedrine, methylphenidate and pseudoephedrine, in conjunction with a diuretic or masking agent, will be considered as an Adverse Analytical Finding (AAF) unless the Athlete has an approved Therapeutic Use Exemption (TUE) for that substance in addition to the one granted for the diuretic or masking agent.

**PROHIBITED METHODS**

**MANIPULATION OF BLOOD AND BLOOD COMPONENTS**
The following are prohibited:
1. The Administration or reintroduction of any quantity of autologous, allologous (homologous or heterologous) blood, or red blood cell products of any origin into the circulatory system.

2. Artificially enhancing the uptake, transport or delivery of oxygen. Including, but not limited to: Perfluorochemicals, deferoxoxymorphone (DSMR) and modified haemoglobin products, e.g., haemoglobin-based blood substitutes and microencapsulated haemoglobin products, excluding supplemental oxygen by inhalation.

3. Any form of intravenous manipulation of the blood or blood components by physical or chemical means.

**CHEMICAL AND PHYSICAL MANIPULATION**
The following are prohibited:
1. Tampering, or Attempting to Tamper, to alter the integrity and validity of Samples collected during Doping Control. Including, but not limited to: Urine substitution and/or adulteration, e.g., protamine.

2. Intravenous infusions and/or injections of more than 50 mL per 6-hour period except for those legitimately received in the course of hospital admissions, surgical procedures or clinical investigations.

**GENE DOPING**
The following, with the potential to enhance sport performance, are prohibited:
1. The transfer of polymers of nucleic acids or nucleic acid analogues.

2. The use of normal or genetically modified cells.
PROHIBITED SUBSTANCES

**STIMULANTS**

All stimulants, including all optical isomers, e.g. d- and l-, wherever relevant, are prohibited.

Stimulants include:

- Non-Specified Stimulants:
  - Adrafolin;
  - Anfetramine;
  - Anfetamine;
  - Amfetamin;
  - Amphetadine;
  - Benzhexol;
  - Benfluorex;
  - Benzocteen;
  - Caffeine;
  - Ciprofibrate;
  - Crotamiton;
  - Fenfluramine;
  - Fenilefrine;
  - Feniuramine;
  - Fenproporex;
  - Fenutaracetam [4-phenylpiracetam (carphedon)];
  - Furaminex;
  - Lidocaminetamine;
  - Mefenorex;
  - Methaphrine;
  - Metacetamidin;
  - Mephenetamine;
  - Mesoral;
  - Metamfetamine (d-);
  - p-Methamphetamine;
  - Modafinil;
  - Norfenfluramine;
  - Phenmetrazine;
  - Phenetermine;
  - Phenylamine;
  - Prolintane.

A stimulant not expressly listed in this section is a Specified Substance.

b: Specified Stimulants.

Including, but not limited to:

- 4-Methylenedioxymethamphetamine (MDMA);
- Benzphetamine;
- Cathine**;
- Cathinone and its analogues, e.g. meptidone, methedrone, and d- pyroxydipropylamine;
- Dimethylamphetamine;
- Ephedrine***;
- Epinephrine**** [adrenalin];
- Etanidron;
- Etiamphetamine;
- Etilefrine;
- Farnprolazone;
- Fentbutrazate;
- Fencamamine;
- Heparinol;
- Hydroxyamphetamine (parahydroxyamphetamine);
- Isometheptene;
- Levmetamfetamine;
- Meclomethoxate;
- Methylveramethamphetamine;
- Mothylphenedrine***;
- Methylenedioxymethamphetamine;
- Nikethamide;
- Norfenfluramine;
- Octopamine;
- Oxilofrine (methylsympinefrine);
- Penoline;
- Pentetrazol;
- Phenmetrazine and its derivatives;
- Phenmetrazine;
- Phenproametamine;
- Propylhexedrine;
- Pseudopropoline****.
Selegiline;
Subutex;
Strychnine;
Ternafenamine (methyleneoxyamphetamine);
Tramiphene;

e and other substances with a similar chemical structure or similar biological effects.

Except:

- Cocaine;
- Imidazole derivatives for topical/ophthalmic use and those stimulants included in the 2017 Monitoring Program;
- Dopropion, cafelox, nicotine, phenylephrine, phenylpropanolamine, piperidone, and synephrine. These substances are included in the 2017 Monitoring Program, and are not considered Prohibited Substances.
- Cathine: Prohibited when its concentration in urine is greater than 5 micrograms per millilitre.
- Ephedrine and methylephedrine: Prohibited when the concentration of either in urine is greater than 10 micrograms per millilitre.
- Ephedrine sulphate: Not prohibited in local administration, e.g. nasal, ophthalmologic, or co-administration with local anaesthetic agents.
- Pseudoephedrine: Prohibited when its concentration in urine is greater than 150 micrograms per millilitre.

NARCOTICS

Prohibited:
- Buprenorphine;
- Bextrimoramide;
- Diamorphine (heroin);
- Fentanyl and its derivatives;
- Hydromorphone;
- Methadone;
- Morphine;
- Nicomorphine;
- Oxycodone;
- Oxymorphone;
- Pentazocine;
- Pethidine.

CANNABINOIDS

Prohibited:
- Natural, e.g. cannabis, hashish and marijuana, or synthetic Δ9-tetrahydrocannabinol (THC);

GLUCOCORTICOIDS

All glucocorticoids are prohibited when administered by oral, intravenous, intramuscular, or rectal routes.
SUBSTANCES PROHIBITED IN PARTICULAR SPORTS

ALCOHOL

Alcohol (ethanol) is prohibited In-Competition only, in the following sports. Detection will be conducted by analysis of breath and/or blood. The doping violation threshold is equivalent to a blood alcohol concentration of 0.10 g/l.

- Air Sports [FAI]
- Archery [WA]
- Automotive [FIA]
- Powerboating [UIM]

BETA-BLOCKERS

Beta-blockers are prohibited In-Competition only, in the following sports, and also prohibited Out-of-Competition where indicated.

- Archery [WAI]*
- Automotive [FIA]
- Billiards [ski disciplines] [WCBF]
- Darts [WDF]
- Golf [WGF]
- Shooting [ISSF, IPC]*
- Skating/Snowboarding [FIS] in ski jumping, freestyle aerials/halfpipe and snowboard halfpipe/big air
- Underwater sports [ICMAS] in constant-weight apnea with or without fins, dynamic apnea with and without fins, free immersion apnea, Jump Blue apnea, spearfishing, static apnea, target shooting, and variable weight apnea.

*Also prohibited Out-of-Competition

Including, but not limited to:

- Acebutolol
- Alprenolol
- Atenolol
- Betaxolol
- Bisoprolol
- Butoxol
- Carvedilol
- Celiprolol
- Esmolol
- Labetalol
- Levobunolol
- Metipranolol
- Metoprolol
- Nadolol
- Oxprenolol
- Pindolol
- Propranolol
- Sotalol
- Timolol
SUMMARY OF MAJOR MODIFICATIONS AND EXPLANATORY NOTES

2017 PROHIBITED LIST

Substances and methods prohibited at all times (In- and Out-of-Competition)

Prohibited Substances

**ANABOLIC AGENTS**

- Compounds boldenone, boldione, 19-norandrostenedione, and nandrolone have been transferred and 19-norandrostenediol added to the S1.b section because they can be produced endogenously at low concentrations. This change does not affect the prohibited status of these substances. The interpretation and reporting of findings for these substances is addressed in specific Technical Documents (TD2016IRMS and/or TD2016NA).
- 5α-androst-2-ene-17-one, commonly known as "Delta-2" or 2-androstene, was added as an example of a metabolite of DHEA, more recently found in dietary supplements.

**BETA-2-AGONISTS**

- The reference to isomers was simplified.
- Examples of selective and non-selective beta-2-agonists were added: fenoterol, formoterol, higenamine, indacaterol, olodaterol, procaterol, repeterol, salbutamol, salmeterol, terbutaline, vilanterol.
- Higenamine is documented to be a constituent of the plant *Tinospora crispa*, which can be found in some dietary supplements and is a non-selective beta-2-agonist.
- Dosing parameters for salbutamol were refined to make it clear that the full 24-hour dose should not be administered at one time.
- The maximum dosage for salmeterol was stated according to the manufacturers' recommendations.
- Studies are ongoing to establish an appropriate urinary threshold concentration for inhaled salmeterol. At present, the Technical Document TD2015MRPL recommends not to report salmeterol below 10 ng/mL.

**PEPTIDE HORMONES, GROWTH FACTORS, RELATED SUBSTANCES AND MIMETICS**

- To extend the scope of Erythropoietin Stimulating Agents, GATA inhibitors (e.g., K-11706) and Transforming Growth Factor-β (TGF-β) inhibitors (e.g., sotatercept, lusoterecept) were added.
- The International Nonproprietary Name (INN) of FG-4592, roxadustat, was added.
- Molidustat was added as another example of a HIF-stabilizer.
- Cobalt: It is reiterated that vitamin B12, which contains cobalt, is not prohibited.

**HORMONE AND METABOLIC MODULATORS**

- Androsta-3,5-diene-7,17-dione (lanimidane) was added as a new example of aromatase inhibitor.

Prohibited Methods

**MANIPULATION OF BLOOD AND BLOOD COMPONENTS**

- Supplemental oxygen administered by inhalation, but not intravenously, is permitted. To clarify this, M1.2 now reads "excluding supplemental oxygen by inhalation".
Substances and Methods
Prohibited In-Competition

STIMULANTS

- Lisinexametamine was added to S6 as it is an inactive pro-drug of amphetamine.
- In the absence of an INN for methylhexaneamine, its International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry (IUPAC) name, 4-methylhexan-2-amine, was added. A number of other synonyms exist for methylhexaneamine including: 1,3-dimethylamylamine; dimethylpentylamine; methylhexamine; methylhexanamine; 1,3-dimethylpentylamine.
- Regular food consumption will not yield sufficient levels of phenylethylamine to result in an adverse analytical finding.

NARCOTICS

- Nicomorphine was added. It is an opioid analgesic drug, which is converted to morphine following administration.

GLUCOCORTICOIDs

- After consideration of stakeholders' comments, no changes were made in this section for 2017.

MONITORING PROGRAM

The following were added to establish patterns of use:

- Cedeine;
- Concurrent use of multiple beta-2-agonists.